

---

# University PV Processes and Products Development Support



---

DOE Solar Energy Technologies Program

Wednesday, March 12, 2008

For Media Information, Contact: [kevin.brosnahan@ee.doe.gov](mailto:kevin.brosnahan@ee.doe.gov)

For Technical Information, Contact: [scott.stephens@ee.doe.gov](mailto:scott.stephens@ee.doe.gov)

# University Product and Process Development Objectives



## **Leverage universities' fundamental understanding of materials and photovoltaic (PV) devices**

- Accelerate transition of PV technology from laboratory to marketplace.
- Help industry efficiently develop and optimize manufacturing processes.

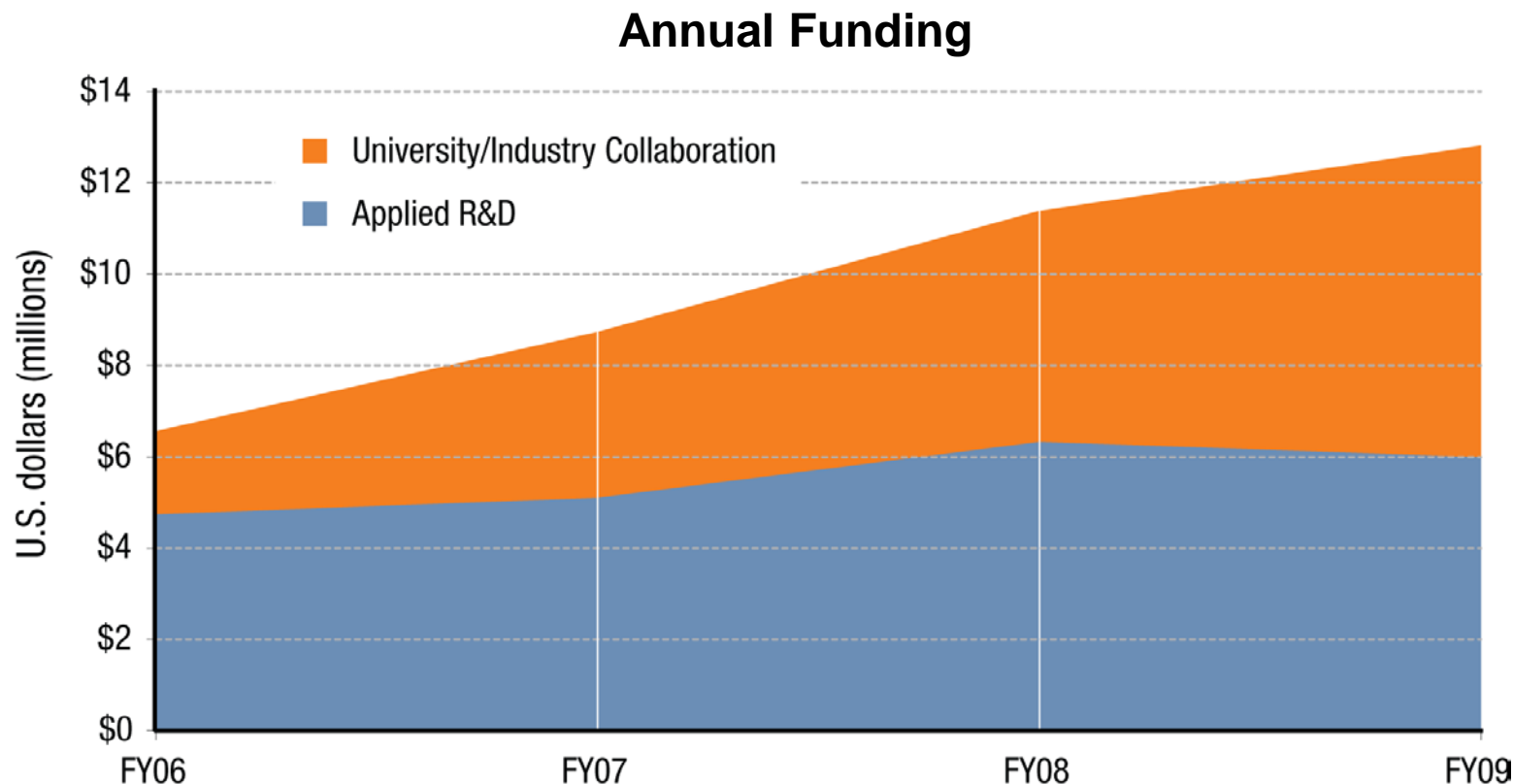
## **Strengthen university involvement in rapidly expanding PV industry**

- Form direct project partnerships between leading U.S. companies and proven university research groups.
- Provide clear strategies to move products and processes into commercial production.

## **Expand the domestic PV R&D workforce**

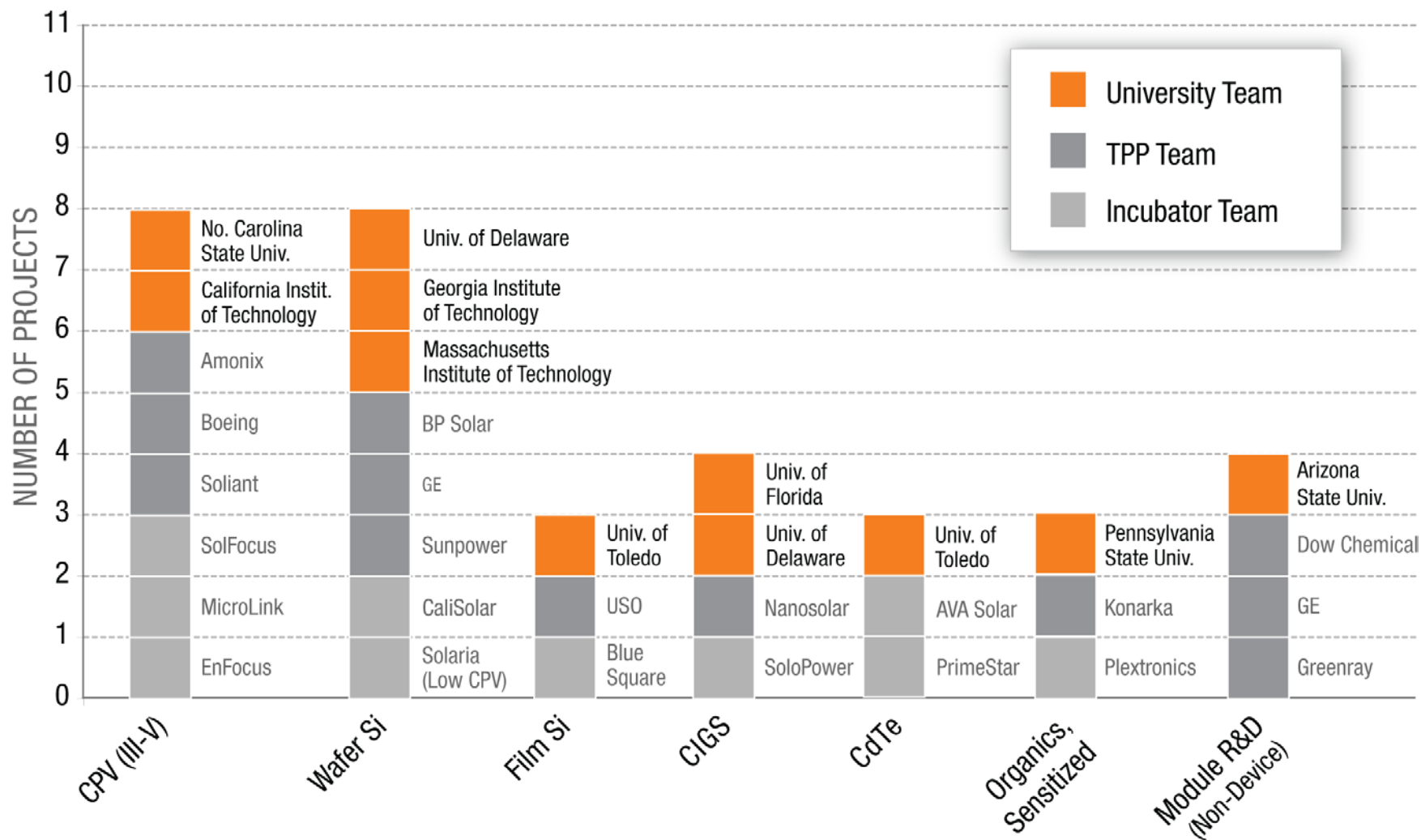
- Expose students to growing PV-related commercialization efforts.
- Supply industry with a stream of qualified scientists.

Since 2006, DOE has increased university collaboration with industry while maintaining commitment to longer term R&D projects.



**University funding increases commensurate with  
PV budget increase**

# Distribution of projects across technology types.

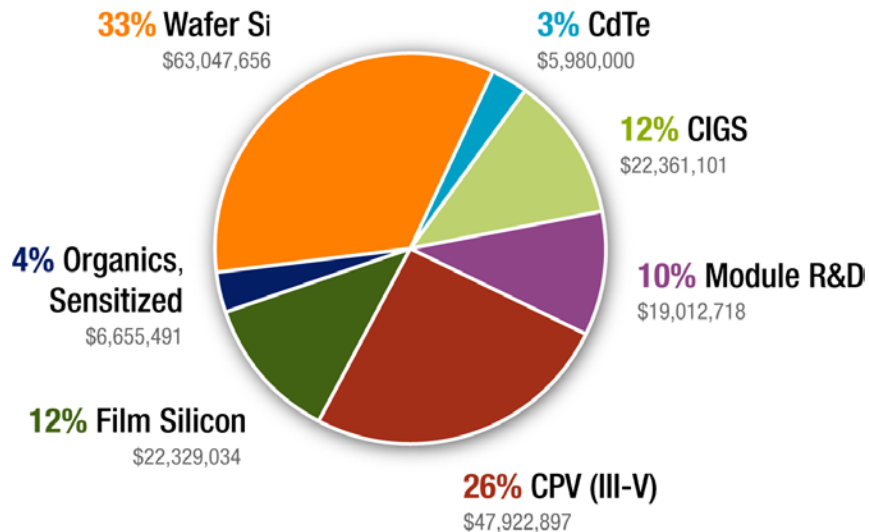


# University Product and Process Development funding remains aligned with current industry targeted programs.



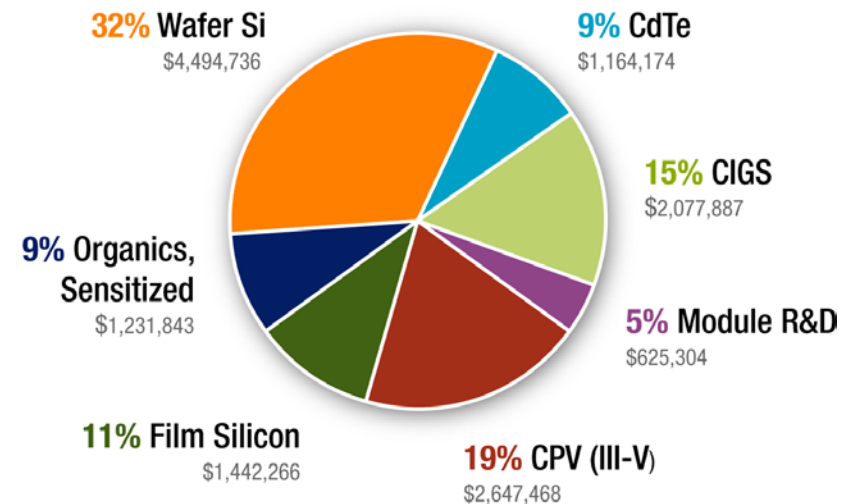
## TPPs & Incubators Awards

- \$187,308,897 -



## University Awards

- \$13,683,678 -



---

# Selected Projects: University PV Processes and Products Development Support

---



# Arizona State University

with SolFocus, Inc. and Soliant Energy, Inc.



## Reliability Evaluation of Concentrator Photovoltaics per IEC Qualification Specifications

### Technologies Addressed

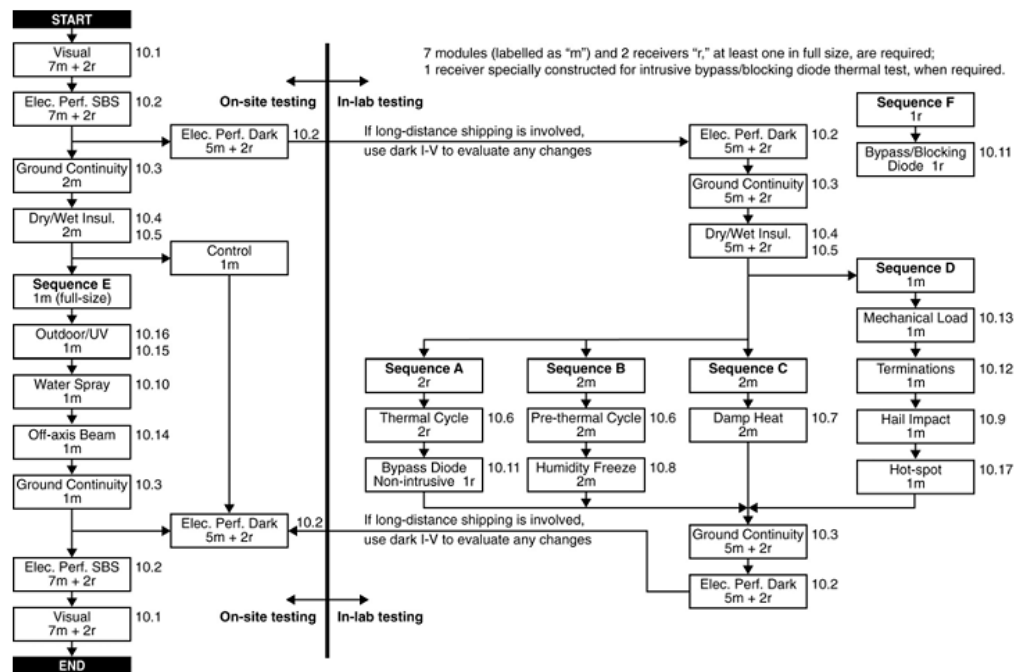
Product qualification process for concentrating PV modules

### Description

Reduce qualification bottlenecks such as environmental chamber testing while enhancing scheduling and coordination with industry to significantly increase testing throughput and efficiency.

### Project Target

**IEC testing costs and time reduced by as high as 65%**



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$785,304</b>	<b>\$625,304</b>	<b>\$160,000</b>

# California Institute of Technology with Spectrolab, Inc.



## 100mm Engineered InP on Si Laminate Substrates for InP based Multijunction Solar Cells

### Technologies Addressed

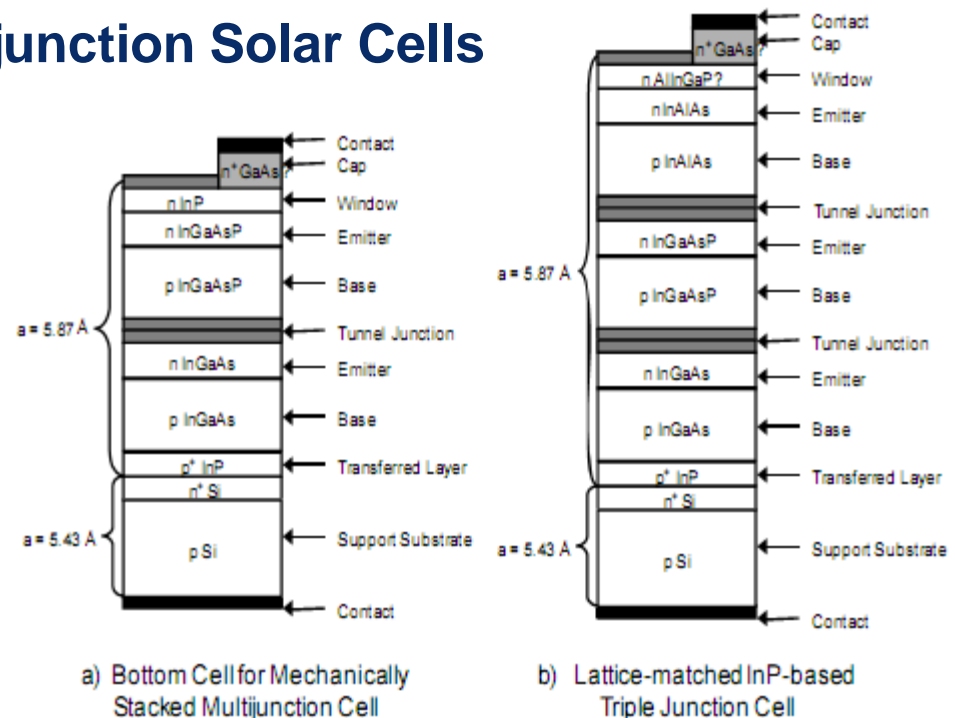
Thin InP on inexpensive Si substrate  
for low cost multijunction cells

### Description

Development 100 mm diameter InP/Si laminate substrates to enable development of a cost-effective, scalable fabrication of InP based multijunction cell process, opening up a new design space for high-efficiency multijunction solar cells.

### Target Efficiency

>40%



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,065,799</b>	<b>\$837,000</b>	<b>\$228,799</b>



## Rear Contact Technologies for Next Generation High-Efficiency Commercial Silicon Solar Cells

### Technologies Addressed

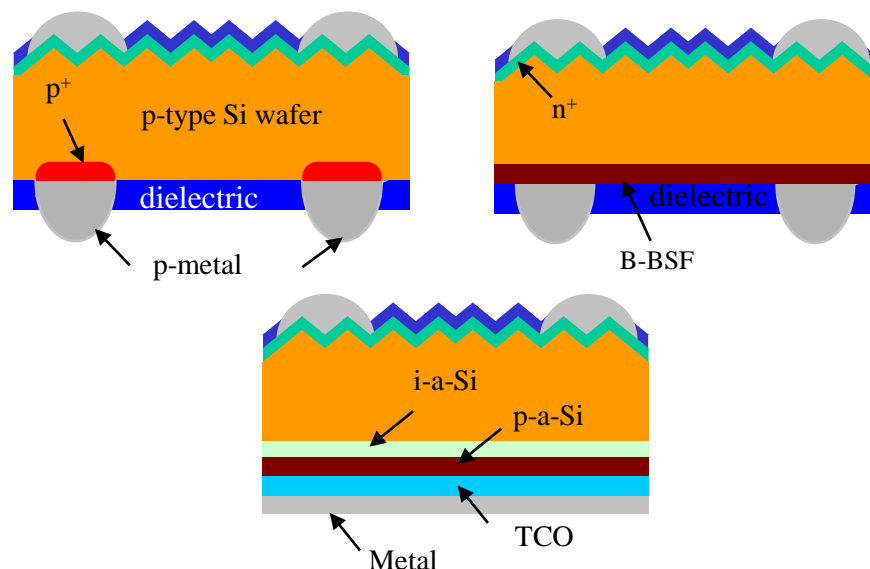
Low cost monocrystalline and multicrystalline silicon solar cells

### Description

Develop enhanced, cost-effective back surface passivation, light trapping, and inkjet printed back contacts, to yield a complete, low-cost, cell process which is ready for commercialization.

### Target Efficiency

17-20%



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,875,000</b>	<b>\$1,500,000</b>	<b>\$375,000</b>

# Massachusetts Institute of Technology

with CaliSolar, Inc. and BP Solar International, Inc.



## Defect Engineering, Cell Processing, and Modeling for High-Performance, Low-Cost Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaics

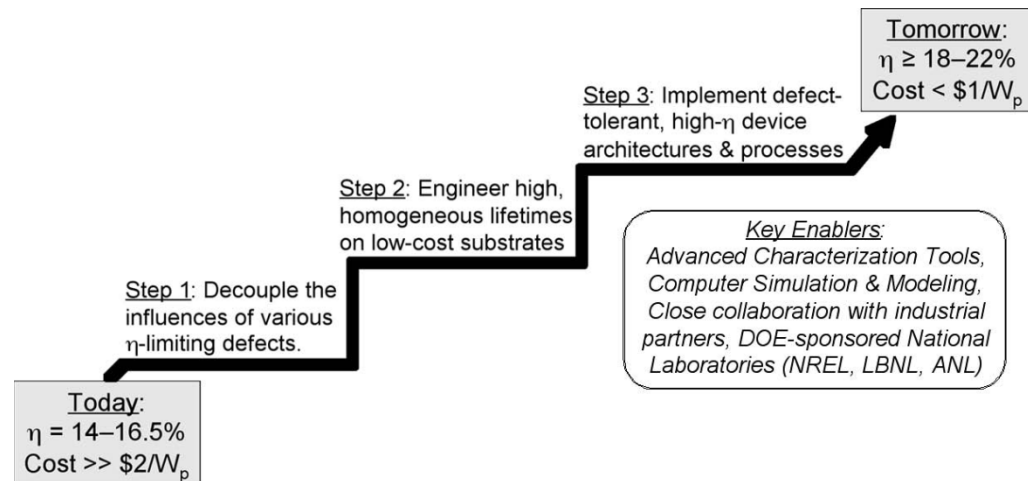
### Technologies Addressed

Low-cost monocrystalline and multicrystalline silicon solar cells

### Description

Close the efficiency gap between industrial multicrystalline and high-efficiency monocrystalline silicon cells, while preserving the cost advantage of low-cost, high-volume substrates.

**Target Efficiency**      **18-22%,  $< \$1/W_p$**



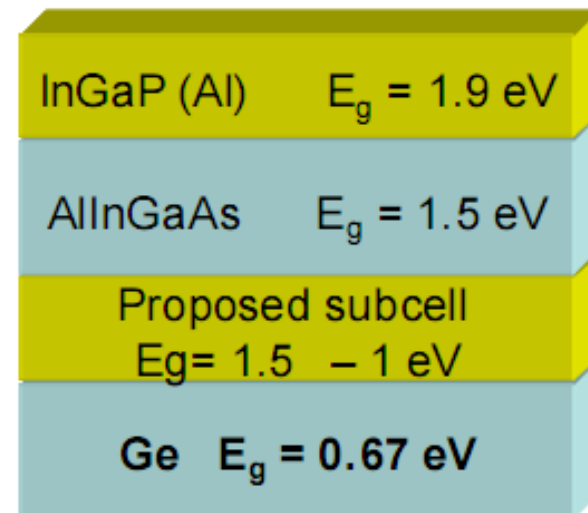
### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,886,327</b>	<b>\$1,500,000</b>	<b>\$386,327</b>



## Tunable Narrow Bandgap Absorbers for Ultra-High-Efficiency Multijunction Solar Cells

Technologies Addressed	
High-efficiency 4-junction cells for CPV systems	
Description	
Develop and optimize a 1-1.5 eV, graded strain subcell and then integrate this layer into Spectrolab's triple junction device to produce a higher efficiency four junction solar cell.	
Target Efficiency	45%



Resources (\$)		
Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,434,420</b>	<b>\$1,147,468</b>	<b>\$ 286,952</b>

## Organic Semiconductor Heterojunction Solar Cells for Efficient, Low-Cost, Large-Area Scalable Solar Energy Conversion

### Technologies Addressed

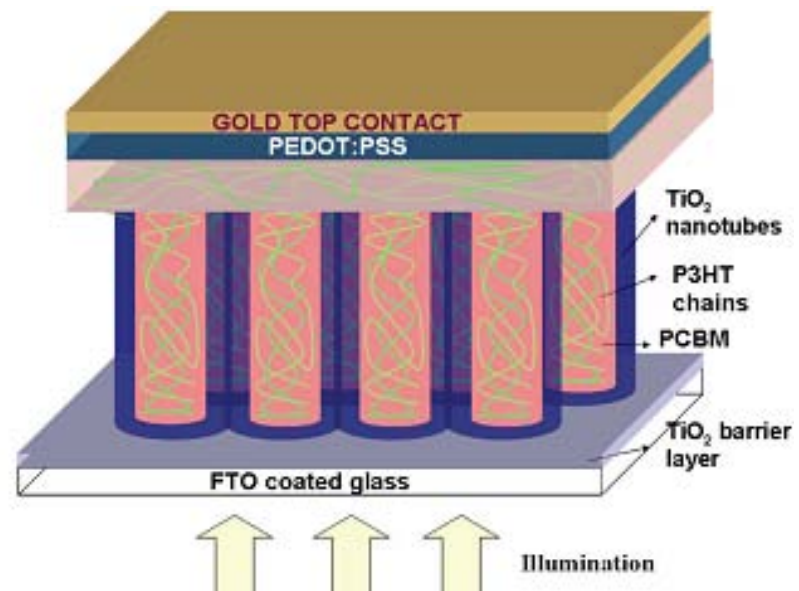
Organic cell with ordered  $\text{TiO}_2$  nanotube arrays

### Description

Use high surface area  $\text{TiO}_2$  nanotube arrays in combination with electron and hole transporting organic semiconductors to fabricate inorganic-organic hybrid heterojunction solar cells.

### Target Efficiency

>7%



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,539,803</b>	<b>\$1,231,843</b>	<b>\$307,960</b>



## Development of a Low-Cost Insulated Foil Substrate for CIGS Photovoltaics

### Technologies Addressed

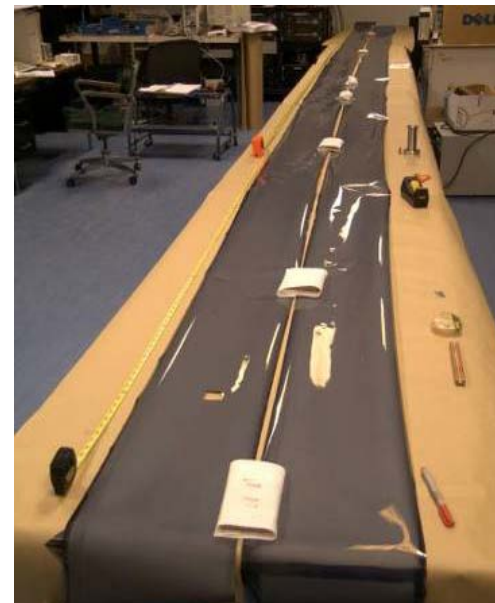
Insulating substrate for high-temperature CIGS deposition

### Description

Develop a low-cost stainless steel flexible substrate coated with silicone-based resin dielectric and monolithic integration technology applicable across a variety of roll-to-roll (R2R) CIGS manufacturing techniques.

### Target Efficiency

R2R devices  $\geq 12\%$



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,848,024</b>	<b>\$1,478,331</b>	<b>\$369,693</b>



## High-Efficiency Back Contact Silicon Heterojunction Solar Cells

### Technologies Addressed

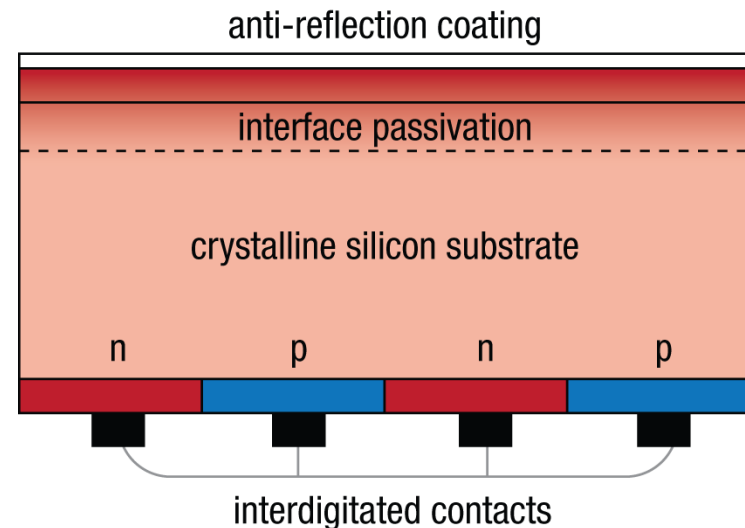
High-efficiency back contact silicon solar cells

### Description

Develop low-temperature passivation, low-cost metallization and low-cost cell structures to fabricate rear interdigitated back contact heterojunction solar cells.

### Target Efficiency

>26%



### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
\$1,870,903	\$1,494,736	\$376,167

# University of Florida with Global Solar Energy Inc., International Solar Electric Technology Inc., Nanosolar Inc., Solyndra Inc.



## Routes for Rapid Synthesis of CIGS Absorbers

### Technologies Addressed

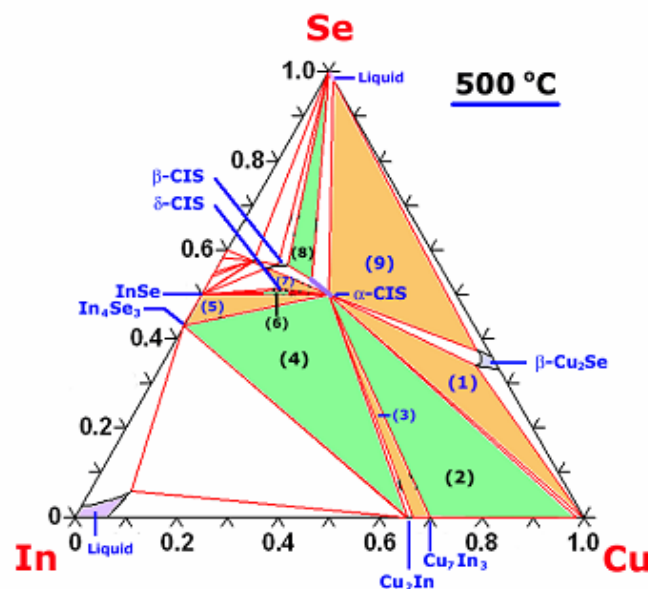
High-rate deposition CIGS

### Description

Develop predictive models that quantitatively describe reaction pathways to synthesize CIGS which will reduce synthesis processing time and identify scaling issues for commercial manufacturing.

### Project Target

**CIGS synthesis  
 $\leq 2$  min**

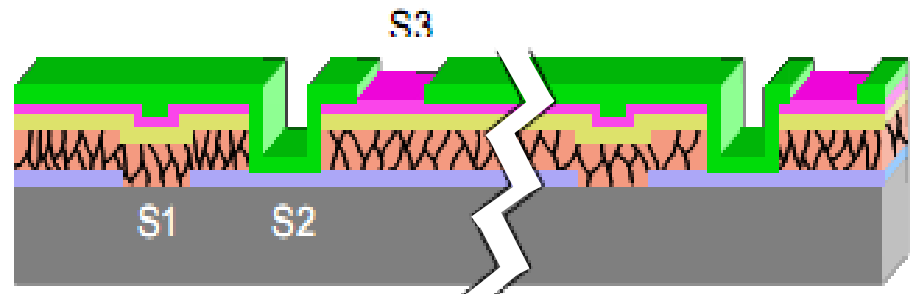


### Resources (\$)

Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$760,863</b>	<b>\$599,556</b>	<b>\$161,307</b>

## Improved Atmospheric Vapor Pressure Deposition to Produce Thin CdTe Absorber Layers

Technologies Addressed	
Commercial CdTe modules	
Description	
Develop 10% efficient modules which utilize CdTe absorber layers approximately 1 $\mu$ m thick. Improvements to contacts, uniformity, and monolithic integration will also be achieved.	
Target Efficiency	10%

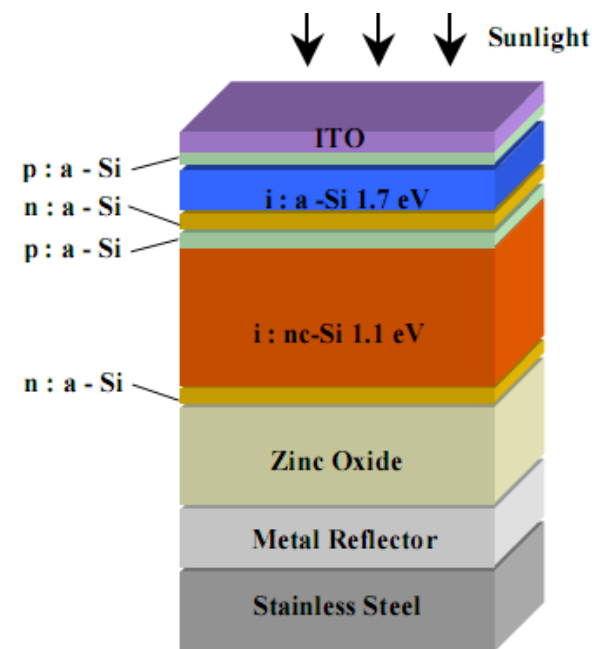


**Figure 1:** Three Scribe sequence shown for Calyxo USA monolithically integrated CdTe module.

Resources (\$)		
Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,657,358</b>	<b>\$1,164,174</b>	<b>\$493,184</b>



## High Rate Fabrication of a-Si-Based Thin-Film Solar Cells Using Large Area VHF PECVD



Technologies Addressed	
Amorphous silicon thin-film modules	
Description	
Develop uniform large-area (3 ft x 3 ft) VHF PECVD processes for fabrication of high-efficiency amorphous silicon and nanocrystalline silicon (nc-Si) solar cells at high rates.	
Target Efficiency	10%

Resources (\$)		
Total Project	DOE Funds	Cost Share
<b>\$1,895,798</b>	<b>\$1,442,266</b>	<b>\$453,532</b>